Interim dentures

Materials & Accessories

Fabrication:

- Erkocryl transparent 1.5/2.0/2.5 mm

Model preparation:

- Erkogum (110 844) for blocking out and for covering the residual teeth, high-fusing wax (725 080) for filling bubbles in the plaster

Finishing: 😨 😨

• Fissure bur, rightward cutting, left-spiral (110 836), crosscut tungsten carbide bur (110 837) for grinding and Liskosil-I (223 240) and Liskosil-m (223 230) or Lisko-S (223 200) for smoothing the edges.

Hints

- Model areas (exterior vestibulum, oral floor) which obstruct the thermoforming process have to be removed. Remove sharp plaster edges.
- Carefully block out residual teeth and undercuts.
- Not predried Erkocryl has to be dried before thermoforming in order to avoid the generation of bubbles, see trouble shooting, thermoforming brochure, page 33.
- Erkocryl bonds seamlessly with acrylic for temporary appliances, it can be relined, adjusted and polished like acrylic for temporary appliances.
- Ready-made teeth and clasps for the fabrication of interim dentures can be prepolymerised with autopolymerising resin.

1. Embed the model so far into the high grade steel granules that the tooth alignment plus 3 mm protrude from the granules. Thermoform Erkocryl.

Cut out with the fissure bur (> 20 000 rev/min) (see individual impression tray, 11).





2. Smooth and prepolish the edges with Liskosil-I and -m.

The denture base out of Erkocryl bonds to cold and hot curing acrylic resins.



